Herpetology Division C - Answer Key

Tie breaker instructions: Total correct taxonomy breaks the tie

Station 1

20. Brumation

Station 1	
1. <u>Alligatoridae</u>	Station 6
2. They dig burrows	21. <u>Desmognathus</u>
3. <u>Females</u>	22. <u>Seeps and streams</u>
4. Nictitating membrane	23. Genetic data and range
Station 2	24. <u>Batesian Mimicry</u>
5. <u>Lampropeltis</u>	Station 7
6. Snake eating	25. <u>Salamandridae</u>
7. <u>Twice</u>	26. Intercostal or costal grooves
8. Batesian Mimicry	27. <u>Eft</u>
Station 3	28. Chemical defense (poison or toxin)
9. <u>Malaclemys</u>	Station 8
10. Human consumption, food	29. Plethodontidae
11. <u>4-22</u>	30. <u>Lungs</u>
12. <u>Lachrymal salt glands</u>	31. Nasolabial grooves
Station 4	32. <u>Chemosensory</u>
13. <u>Bufonidae</u>	Station 9
14. <u>Alkaloid poison</u>	33. Ambystomatidae
15. <u>Parotoid glands</u>	34. Photosynthesize
16. Sequential hermaphroditism -	35. Polyploidy (triploid-petapoloid)
protandrous	36. Regeneration
Station 5	Station 10
17. <u>Scincidae</u>	37. Pituophis
18. <u>Oviparity</u>	38. A modified epiglottis
19. The tail drops as a defense	39. A loud rattling hiss used for predator
<u>mechanism</u>	intimidation

40. Habitat loss/fragmentation

Station 11 Station 16 41. Ophisaurus 61. Trionychidae 42. When dropped, their tail can break 62. Scutes 63. To breathe while resting at the into several pieces bottom of a water body 43. Lizards, they have movable eyelids 64. Anapsid and present ears 44. Fossorial Station 17 Station 12 65. Phrynosomatidae 45. Chelydridae 66. To prevent water loss 67. Squirting an aimed stream of blood 46. K-selected 47. Gas exchange in membranes of out of their eyes mouth and throat 68. Ants Station 18 48. Extrapulmonary respiration Station 13 69. Agkistrodon 49. Ranidae 70. Hemotoxic 71. Thrombosis (clotting of vessels) 50.6 51. They can absorb chemicals through 72. Ovoviviparous their skin, which results in disease or Station 19 73. Squamata death 52. Tadpoles 74. Hemipenes Station 14 75. Parthenogenesis 53. Opheodrys 76. At the discretion of the grader Station 20 54. Camouflage 55. Arboreal 77. Kinosternidae 56. They turn blue 78. Late spring/early summer Station 15 79. Parental care 57. Hemidactylum 80. <u>Musk</u>

58. Montypic or only one species

with peat

60. Autotomy or drops tail

59. Bogs/boggy streams or wetlands